

Retraction:

A Novel Carbamoyloxy Arylalkanoyl Arylpiperazine Compound (SKL-NP) Inhibits Hyperpolarization-Activated Cyclic Nucleotide-Gated (HCN) Channel Currents in Rat Dorsal Root Ganglion Neurons

Gehoon Chung¹, Tae-Hyung Kim¹, Hyewon Shin², Eunhee Chae², Hanju Yi², Hongsik Moon², Hyun Jin Kim⁴, Joong Soo Kim¹, Sung Jun Jung³, and Seog Bae Oh¹

¹National Research Laboratory for Pain, Dental Research Institute and Department of Neurobiology and Physiology, School of Dentistry, Seoul National University, Seoul 110-749, ²SK Biopharmaceuticals, Inc., Daejeon 305-712, ³Department of Physiology, College of Medicine, Hanyang University, Seoul 133-791, ⁴Department of Physiology, Sungkyunkwan University School of Medicine, Suwon 440-746, Korea

To Editor in Chief:

We would like to request a retraction of our paper [1] entitled, “A novel carbamoyloxy arylalkanoyl arylpiperazine compound (SKL-NP) inhibits hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated (HCN) channel currents in rat dorsal root ganglion neurons” by Gehoon Chung, Tae-hyung Kim, Hyewon Shin, Eunhee Chae, Hanju Yi, Hongsik Moon, Hyun Jin Kim, Joong Soo Kim, Seog Bae Oh, from *The Korean Journal of Physiology & Pharmacology*. Vol 16 (4) 237-241, 2012.

We regret to inform that the published paper included

a few parts that disclosed confidential information which should have been protected under patent law. We admit that the request for retraction is due to the indiscretion of the authors, and confirmed that editorial committee of KJPP have not conducted any fault in publishing the paper.

1. Chung G, Kim TH, Shin H, Chae E, Yi H, Moon H, Kim HJ, Kim JS, Jung SJ, Oh SB. A novel carbamoyloxy arylalkanoyl arylpiperazine compound (SKL-NP) inhibits hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated (HCN) channel currents in rat dorsal root ganglion neurons. *Korean J Physiol Pharmacol*. 2012;16:237-241.